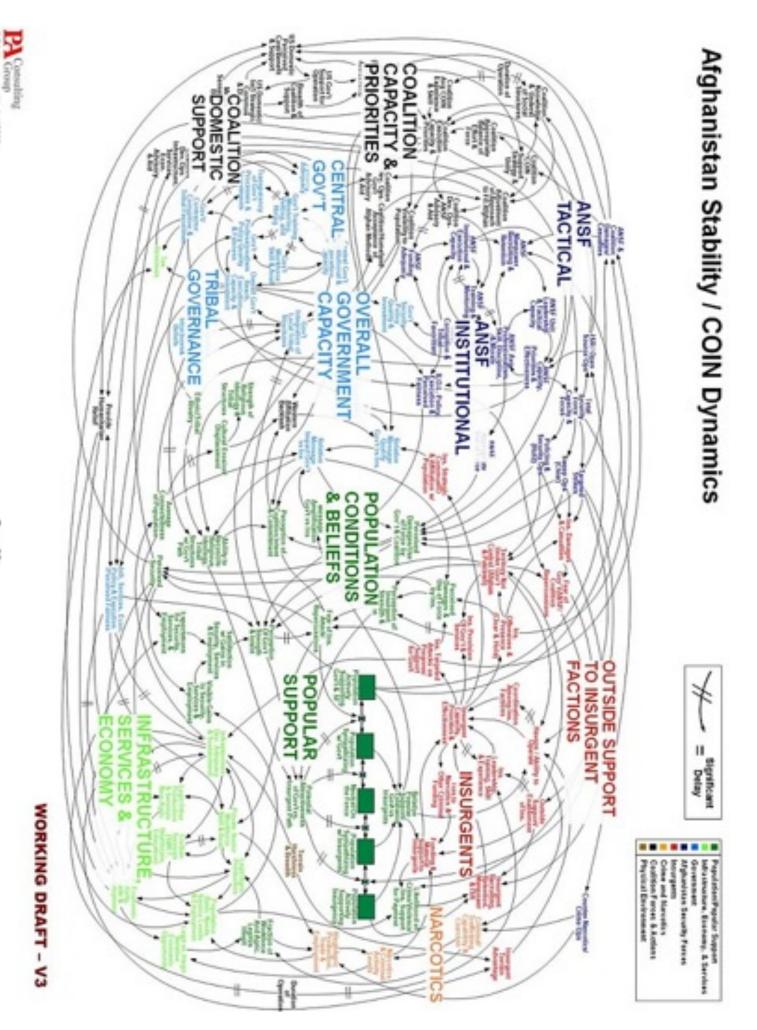
The Policy Memo: A How-To Guide

How Not to Make Decisions



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Power Point is

Good For --

- Conveying simple information
- Spiced up with graphics

Bad For --

- Conveying complex subtle information
- MAKING DECISIONS!

making is ... <u>the policy memo</u> The right tool for decision

Why?

A Good Memo

- Presents information arrayed for effective decision making
- Helpful Overall Organization
- The Problem, Key Facts, Options, Options Analyzed, Recommendation
- "Layered" Presentation of information
- The "onion": Layer 1, Layer & Layer 3
- A full range of logical options
- Honest Presentation of Pros and Cons for each
- A clear recommendation

After you read a good memo --

- You understand what the problem is
- You see what the possible decision options are
- You understand the benefits, costs, and what could go wrong dangers of the options – what could work, and
- Policy-wise
- Politically
- You hear a clear & honest recommendation and you understand the logic behind it

The Point

- Is NOT to persuade the Boss to your favorite position
- IS to help the Boss make an informed choice of the option that best serves HER interest

Organization

- Distinct sections, clearly marked
- Upfront recommendation
- Forthright statement of the problem
- All the key facts, but no more
- Multiple Options
- Analyzed! Political cost/benefit analysis
- Recommendation

Style

- Short, clear sentences with active verbs
- Don't waste words
- KISS: Keep It Short, Stupid!
- Brief tight paragraphs
- No big blocks of impenetrable prose
- Key points highlighted, e.g, with **bold**, *italics*, underlining
- But not too much!!!

and its points so well-packaged that when The memo should be so clearly organized understands the recommendation by the you give it the Boss at ground level she time she reaches the power floor.

The Elevator Test

The Onion

Facts should be presented in clear layers like an onion: the "trees" in layer 1, the "shrubs" in layer 2, the "weeds" in layer 3.

-- Read 1 gives the highlights

. The Principal's time is precious, the onion economizes on it

-- Read 2 supplies the essential logic

. If she decides to invest more time she needs the logic

-- Read 3 buttresses with the needed facts

. The onion makes key facts easy to find if she wants them

. Supporting facts there but only if desired by the Principal

10 Common Mistakes

1. Cheerleading

One-sided advocacy of the recommended option

- Glossing over the downsides, costs, or risks of the favored option
- Ignoring the advantages or strengths of other options

Remember: Political analysis is not the same thing as political advocacy.



2. Academic Writing

Turgid, stuffy, boring prose

- Avoid footnotes, block quotes, or invocation of authority
- Use the active voice
- Avoid slang but make it snappy

Remember: Effective communication demands effective writing



3. Wasting Space

Useless sentences that add

nothing

- Repeating basic material from the case itself
- Adding platitudes or vague generalities

Remember: Every sentence counts so be ruthless with cuts

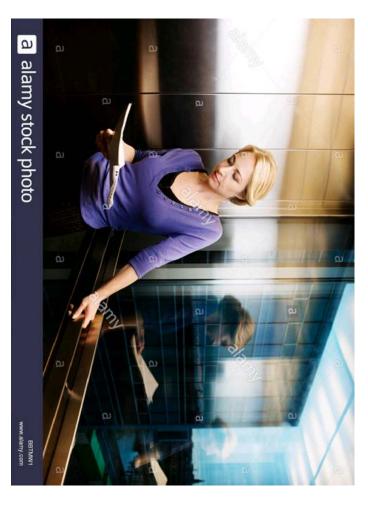


4. Poor Lay Out

Confused, jumbled, or overly intricate organization

- Hidden recommendations
- No sign-posting
- No highlighting for key points

Remember: The Principal should be able to read the memo in one fast gulp and grasp the essentials.



5. Deadly Blocks of Prose

Dense paragraphs requiring intense concentration

- Use short snappy paragraphs
- Cut words with telegraphic bullet points
 Provide helpful visual
- Remember: Your job is to make reading easier, not harder

cues



6. Dancing Baloney

Over-use of highlighting

- Weird fonts
- Too much underlined, italicized, or bolded
- irritating page **Buzzing distracting**
- Remember: Don't overdo





7. Errors of Fact

Failing to read the prompt carefully

- Omits key facts
- Misrepresents key facts
- Messes up procedures or institutional details

Remember: Get the details right.

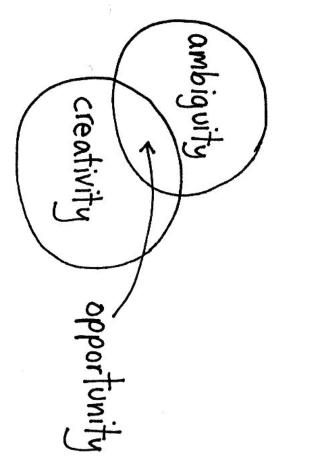


8. Loop Hole Chasing

Looking for a magic bullet

- Exploiting a peculiarity in the assignment to avoid facing tradeoffs or confronting hard issues
- This is cheating, more or less.

Remember: If there were a simple magic bullet, we wouldn't use the situation as a case.



9. Lack of Specificity

Generalities are useless

- Give concrete actionable recommendations
- Indicate: Who, What,
 When, Where, and How
- Name names

Remember: The Principal should leaving knowing exactly what to do next.

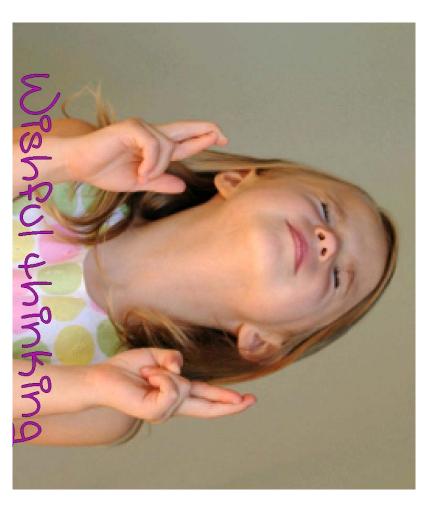


10. Wishful Thinking

Political conflict is real, you must deal with it

- Fails to find and address genuine interests
- Confuses conflict of interests with conflict of personalities
- lsn't realistic about BATNA (own and others)

Remember: Politics ain't beanbag



Guide to Grading

Resources on Memo Writing

- approach The Bob Behn memo/ the JFK School
- http://shorensteincenter.org/wpcontent/uploads/2012/07/Behn-Craft-of-Memo-Writing-2013-3rev8 26 13.pdf
- Useful from the Harris School with links
- http://harris.uchicago.edu/gateways/currentstudent/harris-school-writing-program/policy-

memo-guides

- \mathbf{P} involve glossing over the down-sides, costs, or risks of the favored option. Or, it may arise from ignoring the advantages or strengths of the other options. <u>'Cheer-leading</u>." One-sided advocacy of the recommended option. This may Remember: political analysis is not the same thing as political advocacy.
- 2 invocation of authority. Stilted, stuffy, or pedantic writing hurts. Academic writing. Avoid unnecessary apparatus like tootnotes, quotes, or
- ω sentence must count. Wasting space, especially repeating basic material from the case itself. Every
- 4 should be able to read the memo on an elevator or in a taxi in one fast gulp, and the logic should be perfectly clear. recommendations, no sign-posting or highlighting key points. The Principa Flunking the "elevator test." Confused or overly intricate organization, hidden
- Ś be useful, so the memo is cluttered, irritating and contusing <u>Dancing baloney</u>. The opposite problem: too many type faces, bullets, italics to
- <u></u> Errors of fact. Probably evidence of haste but still its bad
- order to avoid facing tradeoffs or confronting the hard issues. This is cheating, as a case <u>Loophole chasing</u>. Trying to exploit some little peculiarity in the assignment in more or less. If there were a simple magic bullet, we wouldn't use the situation
- ∞ concrete actionable recommendations, name names, tell the Principal what he or she should do and how to do it. Lack of specificity. Especially about political actions. The memo should give
- people are not going to join hands and sing kumbaya. Deal with it. Wishful thinking about political conflict. In high stakes, high conflict situations,

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