# Data + Public

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# Keywords

• Data:

"...information gathered and shared through personal and public communication channels ...becomes subject to new kinds of tracking, quantification, and analysis." (Keywords 54)

#### • Public:

Noun (the public) - "...suggests the judging and debating social collective." (Keywords 153)

Adjective (public interest, public opinion) - "marks its object as a matter of common concern and judgment of this collectivity." (Keywords 153)

### Data

- Author: Melissa Gregg and Dawn Nafus (Engineer + Researcher @ Intel Corp.)
- Originated from science, sociology, natural sciences
  - o previously required a human agent -> analyzed by machines (computers) today
- Types/Functions:
  - o individual records of activity
  - o shared records of humanity
- Date and Data are synonymous (patterns throughout history)
- Neither qualitative or quantitative
  - Text
  - o Images
  - Symbols
  - Numbers
- Media technologies capture data
  - o provide platforms in which communication of data is practiced

## Public

- Author: Jennifer Petersen (Associate Professor of Media Studies @ UVA)
- Notion of a "public sphere"
  - o in which the average citizen is able to access all types of information (government dealings, social matters, etc.) and practice sovereignty/power
  - o in which the public has the right to know and discuss all matters
  - o in which accessible information is expected for the public's perusal
  - which is the reference point for all claims of representativeness
- To name something as public = power
- The means of making things public
  - o media/technology
    - sound + moving image (mass media; film, radio, television)
  - o material matters + cultural perspectives
    - originated from printing (circulation of newspapers)
- Audience/Representation

## Relation to MCI

#### **Data**

- Media:
  - Media technology uses data in order to track the consumer whether that be through device or screen based monitoring to subject consumers into various levels of coercion and persuasion
- Culture:
  - Social Institutions, social groups, etc will use data as ways to determine income, poverty, violence, and many more aspects of the culture in order to gain a better understanding
- Identity:
  - O Data can track a individuals narratives to generate new modes of regulation and order

## Relation to MCI

#### **Public**

- Media The public is influenced by the media
  - Media is directed to the public
  - Social media can be used to bring the public together
- Culture The public creates culture as a collective
  - The "public sphere" is a realm in which the public can share ideas, and debate topics
  - Culture "the customs, arts, social institutions, and achievements of a particular nation, people, or other social group" (Google)
- Identity An identity can be assigned to the public
  - The public as a group of individuals has an identity that defines it

## Examples

#### Data:

- The U.S. Census
- Targeted Advertising
- Algorithms
- <a href="https://www.collegedata.com/en/college-profile/1630/?tab=profile-students-tab">https://www.collegedata.com/en/college-profile/1630/?tab=profile-students-tab</a>

#### Public:

- Social Media (Twitter)
- Media Viewers
- Cointelpro <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I-m2Y8eLjmI">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I-m2Y8eLjmI</a> (00:42)