## What is a reaction paper?

Reaction or response papers are designed so that you'll consider carefully what you think or feel about something you've read or seen.

## Instructions

Read or view whatever you've been asked to respond to read or view. While reading or viewing think about the following questions:

- How do you feel about what you are reading (seeing)?
- With what do you agree or disagree?
- Can you identify with the situation?
- What would be the best way to evaluate what you read or see?

## Pre-writing for Your Reaction Paper

Keeping your responses to these questions in mind, complete as many statements as possible about what you read or saw.

- 1. I think that
- 2. I see that
- 3. I feel that
- 4. Its seems that
- 5. In my opinion
- 6. Because
- 7. A good quote is
- 8. In addition
- 9. For example
- 10. Moreover
- 11. However
- 12. Consequently
- 13. Finally
- 14. In conclusion

The above statements become your rough draft. Now it needs to be organized. Your paper should have:

- An introduction (no more than two paragraphs),
  - A body, and
  - A conclusion.

# I. Introduction

- Sentence 1 should include pertinent information such as author, title, and publication or presenter, title, and place.
- Sentence 2, 3, and 4 should give a summary or overview.
- Sentence 5 should be your thesis (i.e., you agree, disagree, identify with, or evaluate)

# NOTE: A thesis statement is an assertion, not a statement of fact. A thesis should take a stand, contain one main point, and be sufficiently specific and narrow.

NON-EXAMPLE: Students write many papers in college courses.

EXAMPLE: Students write papers in college to advance their knowledge of certain subjects.

#### II. Body

- The body should contain paragraphs that provide support for your thesis.
- Each paragraph should contain <u>one</u> idea.
- The topic sentence of each paragraph should support the thesis.
- The final sentence of each paragraph should lead into the next paragraph.

# **III.** Conclusion

The conclusion can be:

- A restatement of what you said in your paper,
- A comment that focuses your overall reaction, or
- A prediction of the effects about your topic.

**Note:** your conclusion should include no new information.

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